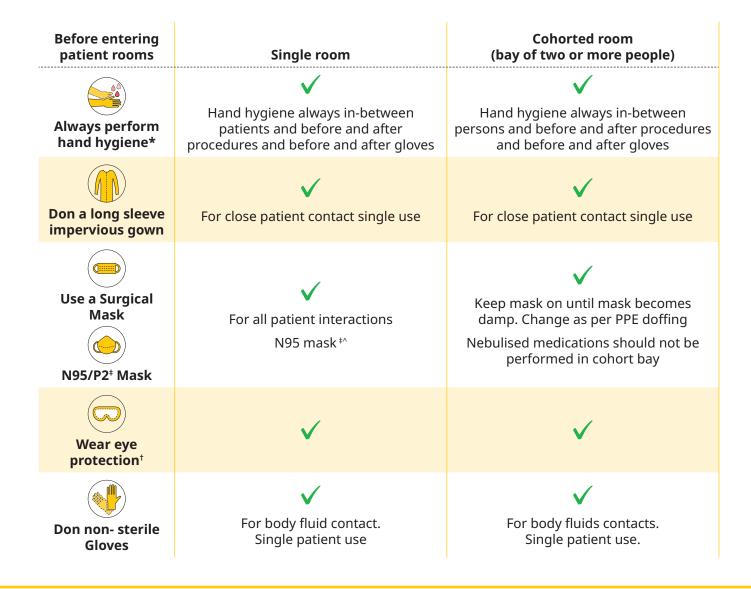
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): A guide for staff caring for COVID-19 positive people in hospital

These recommendations are for all hospital personnel who enter a clinical area with COVID-19 patients.

Standard precautions including the 5 moments for hand hygiene* apply for all patients with an acute respiratory infection.

Transmission precautions for all suspected or confirmed COVID-19.

Contact and airborne procedures for aerosol generating procedures[‡]



- * Perform hand hygiene according to the 5 moments for hand hygiene
- P2/N95 respirator must comply with AS/NZS 1716:2012 respiratory protective devices. The difference between N95 and P2 classification for respirator face masks is the N95 classification means the masks complies with USA testing requirements and the P2 classification indicates compliance with European testing requirements. Should be fit checked before each use.
- ^ Aerosol-generating procedures include nebulized medication, endotracheal intubation, rapid sequencing intubation, bronchoscopy, tracheostomy, open suctioning of airway secretions, bilevel positive airway pressure (BiPAP) sputum induction and cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
- † Face shield or goggles. Prescription glasses is not classed as eye protection. Remember to clean eye protection between uses

Follow donning and doffing procedure for as recommended by your Infection Prevention and Control Team



New Zealand Government